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Cryolite, natural and artificial – Determination of sodium content – Flame emission and atomic absorption spectrophotometric methods

Cryolithe naturelle et artificielle — Dosage du sodium — Méthodes par spectrophotométrie de flamme (émission) et par absorption atomique

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FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO Member Bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO Technical Committees. Every Member Body interested in a subject for which a Technical Committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that Committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the Technical Committees are circulated to the Member Bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 2366 was drawn up by Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, *Chemistry*, and circulated to the Member Bodies in November 1972.

It has been approved by the Member Bodies of the following countries :

Australia Austria Belgium Bulgaria Canada Egypt, Arab Rep. of France Germany Hungary

India Israel Italy Netherlands New Zealand Poland Portugal Romania South Africa, Rep. of Spain Sweden Switzerland Thailand Turkey United Kingdom U.S.S.R.

This International Standard has also been approved by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC).

No Member Body expressed disapproval of the document.

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